Waves and Sound 3/20/05 1:53 PM

Blitz, Chapters 12 & 13, Form D-H

Name	Period
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This is a Take Home Exam. You may use your notes but you may NOT use help from human beings.

EXPLAIN IN COMPLETE SENTENCES AND GIVE EXAMPLES:

You MUST <u>HAND WRITE</u> THIS EXAM!! NO TYPED PAPERS WILL BE ACCEPTED!

- 1. Define: amplitude, wave length, period, frequency, and rectilinear propagation.
- 2. Show how diffraction happens to water waves, and include constructive and destructive interference.
- 3. Differentiate between the intensity and loudness of sound.
- 4. Explain forced vibrations and resonant vibrations, and give examples.
- 5. Define the quality of sound and illustrate why two instruments playing the same note sound differently.

*** SHOW METHOD OF SOLUTION FOR ALL PROBLEMS (The 1,2,3,4!)

- 6. A closed tube organ pipe is 0.062m in diameter and 0.30m long. Its frequency is 463 hz. Find the speed of sound.
- 7. Find the wavelength of a sound whose frequency is 745hz at 28.0°C.
- 8. Find the speed of a wave whose frequency is 67.3hz and whose wavelength is 5.45 m.
- 9. Determine the frequency of an open tube organ pipe that has a diameter of 0.13m and a length of 2.6m at 19.0°C.
- 10. Find the distance to a thunder clap when the time for the sound to arrive is 10.0s at 16°C.

FORMULAS:

 $v = f \lambda \dots \lambda = 4(1 + 0.4d) \dots \lambda = 2(1 + 0.8d) \dots v = 331 \text{m/s} \text{ at } 0^{\circ}\text{C} \text{ and increases } 0.6 \text{m/s/C}^{\circ}$

When finished, please STAPLE this exam onto your papers and turn in on due date.