## BLITZ: Ch 17-20, DC Electricity Form A-C

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## **EXPLAIN** IN <u>COMPLETE</u> <u>SENTENCES</u> AND <u>GIVE</u> <u>EXAMPLES</u>:

You MUST HAND WRITE THIS EXAM!! NO TYPED PAPERS WILL BE ACCEPTED! Math problems must SHOW THE METHOD OF SOLUTION (Hup, two, three, four).

- 1. Describe FIVE methods of producing EMF.
- 2. Define coulomb, volt, ampere, ohm, watt, farad, mho.
- 3. Tell how each of THREE factors determine capacitance.
- 4. Explain what happens as an electroscope is charged by contact and by induction.
- 5. Explain how a capacitor stops DC but "passes" AC. What's a use for this?
- 6. What is a variable capacitor, how does it work, and for what is it used?
- 7. Explain Volta's Hailstorm.
- 8. What is the piezoelectric effect, and for what is it used?
- 9. Explain just what happens when Kiiiittty meets a comb, and what causes neutral, negative, and positive charges.
- 10. Describe what the current meter does when a capacitor is connected to an EMF, and what it does when the capacitor is discharged.
- 11. Discuss the differences in voltages and amperages when electro-chemical cells are in series and in parallel.
- 12. Using the procedures in sample problems found in the notes, find the value of a resistor needed to operate a 100 volt, 50 watt lamp on a 220 volt battery.

## In this circuit, find:



14. R (total)

15. I<sub>(total)</sub>

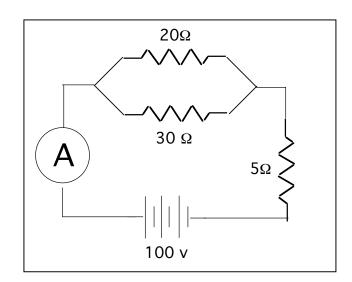
16. V <sub>(5 ohm)</sub>

17. V (parallel)

18.  $I_{(20 \text{ ohm})}$ 

19. I(30 ohm)

20. Total Power



Staple this exam on top of your papers and turn in by the due date.