## Big Chem: Units 12 & 13 Bonding & Structure

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- 1. Classify the bonds between the following pairs of atoms as principally ionic or covalent: *Hint: remember how these bonds are formed.* 
  - a. boron and carbon, b. cesium and fluorine, c. fluorine and silicon,
  - d. hydrogen and chlorine, e. magnesium and nitrogen, f. beryllium and fluorine, g. bromine and strontium, h. chlorine and lithium, i. bromine and sodium, j. hydrogen and iodine.
- 2. For each atom pair listed below, decide whether an ionic or a covalent bond would form between the elements: *Hint: see where they are located on the* The Periodic Table of the Elements.
  - a. fluorine astatine, b. potassium iodine, c. calcium fluorine,
  - d. barium silicon, e. strontium chlorine, f. sodium oxygen.
- Explain the four factors affect the values obtained for ionization energies of an element.
- 4. What is the major difference between sigma,  $\sigma$ , and  $\pi$ , bonds?
- 5. Draw Boxes and Dot structures for a. NF<sub>3</sub>, b. H<sub>2</sub>S, c. N<sub>2</sub>.
- 6. Explain the Intermolecular Force (van der Waals) & give an example.
- 7. Explain the *Hydrogen Bond* and give an example.
- 8. Explain the *Metallic Bond* and give an example.
- 9. Explain Infra-red Spectroscopy and what we learn from it.
- 10. Name the Four Modes of Molecular Vibrations.
- 11. Define *Polar Molecule* and give an example.
- 12. Define the *Hydrogen Bond* and give an example.
- 13. What is the difference between an *Intermolecular Forces* and a *Covalent Bond*?
- 14. What is a *Hydrogen Bond* and how does it compare in strength with a *Covalent Bond*?
- 15. Define Symmetric & Asymmetric Molecules. Why are they important?
- 16. Define *Allotrope*, name two allotropes of oxygen and write their formulas.

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